Series BRH/2

Code No. 1/2/2

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Roll No.	***		g-1-1,71		N.		the title page of the answer-book.

- Please check that this question paper contains 15 printed pages.
- Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains 15 questions.
- Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.
- 15 minutes time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT - II

ENGLISH

(Communicative)

Time allowed: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

The Question paper is divided into four sections:

Section A — Reading20 marksSection B — Writing20 marksSection C — Grammar20 marksSection D — Literature20 marks

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. You may attempt any section at a time.
- 3. All questions of that particular section must be attempted in the correct order.

1. Read the passage given below and complete the statements that follow by choosing the most appropriate options from those given : $1\times5=5$

Jailbirds sing they say. And Subhadra Khosla, the youngest freedom fighter to be imprisoned at 13, was no exception. The only difference was that singing taught her the power of non-violence. Now, 80, Khosla recounted her days in jail. She was locked in jail with her mother for over a year. "One day, we decided to put one chair on top of another till we managed to take off the Union Jack and unfurl the national flag." The inmates of the jail found themselves facing a firing squad. "There were orders to shoot us. We didn't know what else to do. So we started singing," said Khosla. Their voice had its impact. "The guards were Indians too. They started crying and said they couldn't fire at us. That was our first win," a thrilled Khosla recalled. Khosla's father was a doctor and her brother, Krishna Kant later on became India's Vice-President. Khosla was picketing at Anarkali Bazar in Lahore in 1942 when she and her siblings were arrested. "It was unfair. We were all children after all. But the British wanted to destroy families like ours. We fought for this freedom. But we still have to go beyond."

- (a) The inmates of the jail had to face the firing squad because Khosla and her mother ______.
 - (i) unfurled the national flag
 - (ii) burned the Union Jack
 - (iii) unfurled the Union Jack
 - (iv) put one chair over a table

(D)	THE	Miosias expressed their protest by
	(i)	crying and the later than the support the second the support
	(ii)	singing and the state of the st
	(iii)	shouting
	(iv)	running away
(c)	The l	British arrested the children to
(0)	(i)	
	(ii)	listen to the songs
	(iii)	destroy their families
•	(iv)	take them to Britain
(d)	The 1	Khoslas showed the British the power of
	(i)	singing
	(ii)	money
	(iii)	violence
	(iv)	non-violence
(-)	Πl	The second secon
(e)		word, 'impact' means
	(i)	disgust
	(ii)	effect ***
	(iii)	gain
	(iv)	affect
-		
Read	the p	assage given below and complete the statements that follow
		$1 \times 5 = 5$

2.

Some reptiles are expert mimics, but they do it for a serious reason — to save their lives. The harmless milk snake has the banded appearance of the poisonous coral snake. In areas where they live together, this mimicry happens. The non-poisonous Mexican King snake looks like the coral snake, when young. A harmless snake may

look like a poisonous snake. This is Batesian mimicry. So, enemies mistake the harmless reptile for the poisonous one, and leave it alone. Blind legless lizards that live under the ground trick the enemies by displaying their tail. The underside of their tails is usually red or yellow in colour, and looks like an open mouth. The enemy attacks the tail, mistaking it for the head. The tail can withstand injury better than the head, and the life of the lizard is saved. When the enemy attacks lizards, they break off their tail. The tail jumps about on the ground, confusing the enemy, and helps the lizard to make good its escape.

(a)	The milk snake and coral snake resemble in their						
	(i)	drinking of milk					
	(ii)	banded appearance					
	(iii)	poison fangs					
	(iv)	outlook					
(b)	'Batesian mimicry' helps the						
	(i)	reptile to do mimicry					
	(ii)	harmless reptiles to escape					
	(iii)	poisonous reptiles to escape					
	(iv)	reptiles to sleep					
(c)		enemy of the blind legless lizards attacks itsking it for					
	(i)	tail, head					
	(ii)	head, tail					
	(iii)	tail, mouth					
	(iv)	mouth, red					

	(d) Whe	n the tail of a lizard	breaks off,	it
	(i)	saves its head from	ı being cut	Comment & county Think their think
	(ii)	excites the lizard	and the second	
	(iii)	makes the enemy h	парру	
	(iv)	confuses its enemy		The second secon
	(e) The	red or yellow structu	re which loo	ks like an open mouth is the
	<i></i>			The second secon
*	(i)	tail		The Market State of the Market of the Commission
	(ii)	limb		The Market of the Market State of the Control of th
	(iii)	scales		The second of th
	(iv)	head		agradid and Carrol Mana had per-
3.	Read the p	oem given below an	d answer th	e questions that follow: $1 \times 5 = 5$
	TT	41 1 1 4		The second state of the second
		s the elephant		
	Swaying al			
	With his c	argo of children		
	All singing	a song:		
	To the tinl	kle of laughter		
	He goes or	n his way,		
	And his ca	argo of children		
	Have crow	ned him with may.		
	His legs an	re in leather		
	And padde	d his toes:		
	He can roo	ot up an oak		And the second s
		isk of his nose:		
			* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	will a wa	ve of his trunk	. •	
1/2/	/2		5	P.T.O.

And a turn of his chin He can pull down a house, Or pick up a pin. Beneath his grey forehead A little eye peers; Of what is he thinking Between those wide ears? Of what does he think? If he wished to tease, He could twirl his keeper Over the trees: If he were not kind, He could play cup and ball With Robert and Helen, And Uncle Paul: But that grey forehead, Those crinkled ears, Have learned to be kind In a hundred years: And so with the children He goes on his way, To the tinkle of laughter

1/2/2

6

And crowded with may.

- (a) Where are the children?
- (b) How can the elephant tease its keeper?
- (c) Which characteristic trait of the elephant enables him to be with the children?
- (d) What does the poet say about the elephant's strength?
- (e) How does the poet describe the elephant's legs?
- 4. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow: $1\times5=5$

Neem is very commonly seen in India. The entire tree i.e. the bark, leaves and flowers have a lot of medicinal value as it helps in curing various diseases. The leaves and the bark of this tree are very effective in controlling infections, deworming and in disinfecting and healing wounds. The fresh leaves can be used by extracting the juice or a paste of the leaves can be taken along with a small piece of jaggery. In case of wounds a few leaves can be boiled in water and then this water, when at tolerable temperature, can be used to wash the wounds. Two drops of neem oil can be used for applying on the wound. Neem also helps in relieving itch in case of allergic rashes. Neem water can be used in case of allergic reactions. The paste of neem seeds can be applied on the scalp and washed off after 10 minutes of application. It also helps in eliminating dandruff, boils on the scalp and also prevents hair fall. Neem is very useful in jaundice. The juice can be given along with honey. Neem is very useful in case of fever. Fresh leaves can be taken with tulsi leaves or with honey. Neem water can be used to soak the feet in case of cracks on dry feet. Neem leaf powder is used for preserving grains

and pulses. Neem is of special importance on New Year's Day as a symbol of good health and longevity.

- (a) What is the medicinal value of neem?
- (b) What is the paste of neem seeds used for?
- (c) How does neem help grains and pulses?
- (d) What is neem a symbol of?
- (e) Which word in the passage is the adjectival form of 'tolerate'?

SECTION B — (Writing)

20

5. A survey was conducted in a colony of 75 residents on their preferences for different kinds of music. The following data reveal the preferences of people of different age groups. Write a paragraph in about 80 words on the different tastes of people by interpreting the data.

4

Kind of music	Teenagers Adults	Senior citizens
Classical	15	35
Western	40	15
Bhajans	20 25	30
Ghazals	10 40	25

6. Leading a disciplined life is not a practice with some of the young people of today. Write a letter in about 120 words to the editor of a newspaper on the importance of discipline in life. You are Peeyush / Preeti living at 19, Krishna Colony, Delhi.

8

7. Natural disasters have become common these days. Write a speech in about 150 words, to be delivered in the morning assembly on how normal life is disrupted during such calamities and what measures should be adopted by the government to meet such situations.

8

8. Choose the appropriate options from the ones given below to complete the following passage. Write the answers in your answer sheet against the correct blank numbers: $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 = 4$

It was a difficult journey, collecting stones and travelling

(a) _______, with no water to drink. (b) ______ times

he felt that his friend was right. (c) ______ was no

guarantee that somebody (d) ______ buy his stones. Faith

and hope (e) ______ him going. After walking (f) _____

a long time he reached the town. Much to his disappointment, he

saw that it was like (g) ______ other town. He decided to

(h) _____ the night there.

- (a) (i) along
- (ii) again
- (iii) alone
- (iv) away

(b) (i) During

(i) It

(i) has

- (ii) At
- (iii) Some (iv) On

(iii) Where

(iv) There

(c)

(d)

- (ii) Here(ii) were
- (iii) was
- (iv) would

- (e) (i) keeps
- (ii) kept
- (iii) keeping
- (iv) keep

- (f) (i) on
- (ii) along
- (iii) for
- (iv) from

- (g) (i) some
- (ii) one
- (iii) many
- (iv) any

- (h) (i) spend
- (ii) sleep
- (iii) stayed
- (iv) spent

9.	The following notes are from the diary of the Head Boy of St. Stephen's School. He writes a report on the Red Cross activities of his school. Study the notes and complete the paragraph given below by filling in the blanks with the most appropriate options: 1×4							
	– Re	d Cros	s active in school				entoro l'eserti. Pe	
	1.50		l blood donation car ood affected areas	nps				
	- cor	ducte	d workshops					
	The	Red C	ross group (a)		in school	ol last year.	A blood	
	dona	tion c	amp (b)	and	the membe	rs also visite	d flood	
	affect	ted ar	reas and (c)		all pos	sible help. A	4-day	
			vas conducted (d) _					
	(a)	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	activated was active has active are active					
	(b)	(i)	has been organisin	g				
,		(ii) (iii) (iv)	have organised was organised organised					
	(c)	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	rendered renders was rendered render					
	(d)	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	training trained was trained to train		fefrica (* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Table Selection And the Control of		

10.	Rearrange the following words and phrases to form meaningful sentences. The first one has been done for you. $1\times 4=4$
	the stories / in their lives / brought about / I told them / great changes
	The stories I told them brought about great changes in their lives.
	(a) never / was / I had / that such / possible / imagined / a change
	(b) the original / I am not / of / stories / writer / these
	(c) salute the / who first / these stories / I / persons / thought up
·	(d) reads / such stories / childhood / everyone / in his
11.	The following passage has not been edited. There is one error in each line. Write the incorrect word and the correction in your answer sheet. Underline the correct word supplied by you. The first one has been done for you as an example. $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 = 4$
	Incorrect Correct
	I sat in the sofa in his office. The young man looked in on
	vaguely familiar for me. I knew I had met him somewhere (a)
	but could not place it. I wondered whether I had taught (b)
	this boy. When I meet my student after many years I often (c)
	fail to recognise them. They looked very different and mature. (d)
	The man smiled on me. There was a dimple on his cheek (e)
	and then I knew who he was. He was some of the two kids (f)
	which used to work in a garage a decade back. He sat down (g)

(h)

opposite me, closed his eyes or started telling his story.

12.	Read follov		conversation given below and complete the passage	
	101101	, 24	and the said principle course, which principle with a said and the said of the said of the said of the said of	1×4=4
	Diya	•	Why do you look upset?	
	Anu	•	Tomorrow I have to go to Chennai to participate in a	quiz
			competition.	T a
	Diya	;	Don't worry you will do well.	
•	Anu		The problem is that tomorrow my sister is getting engage	ged.
	,	D	iya asked Anu (a) Anu replied t	that
	(b) _		in a quiz competition. Diya told her not to wo	orry
	and	assure	ed her that (c) well. Anu then told	her
	that	the pr	roblem (d) getting engaged.	
•		4	SECTION D — (Literature)	20
13.(A) Read	d the	extract given below and answer the questions that follow	by
	choos	ing fr	om the given alternatives.	1×3=3
		144		
			stian Shultz, the boy I'd got to know so well recently, l	nad
		appai	rently been in a coma for all that time.	
	(a)	Who	was Sebastian Shultz ?	
		(i)	A 14-year-old schoolboy from South London	
	• •	(ii)	A teenager from Spain	
•		(iii)	A computer expert from U.S.	
		(iv)	None of the above	

- (b) Where did Michael meet Sebastian?
 - (i) At a computer fair
 - (ii) On the computer screen
 - (iii) At school
 - (iv) On the helicopter
- (c) How did Sebastian lose consciousness?
 - (i) He fell from the stairs.
 - (ii) He was beaten up.
 - (iii) He was sick after an operation.
 - (iv) He had an accident

OR

1st citizen: If it be found so, some will dear abide it.

2nd citizen: Poor soul! his eyes are red as fire with weeping.

3rd citizen: There's not a nobler man in Rome than Antony.

4th citizen: Now mark him, he begins again to speak.

- (a) 'If it be found so'. What is the citizen referring to?
 - (i) the wrong done to Brutus
 - (ii) Caesar's wrongful assassination
 - (iii) Mark Antony's speech
 - (iv) Caesar's right judgment

(0)	44-110	is referred to as poor sour	
	(i)	Caesar	
	(ii)	Brutus (1986) - Brutus	
	(iii)	Mark Antony	
	(iv)	Cassius	
(c)	What	trait of the Roman citizens is reflected in the above lines?	
	(i)	Strong will power	
	(ii)	Love for Brutus	
	(iii)	Easily influenced	
	(iv)	None of the above	
Read	the ex	xtract given below and answer the questions that follow. 1×3 =	-3
And	some i	in dreams assured were	
Of th	e Spir	rit that plagued us so;	
Nine	fathor	n deep he had followed us	
From	the la	and of mist and snow.	
(a)	Wher	e were the mariners?	
(b)	Whie	h is the Spirit referred to here?	
(c)	Why	has the Spirit followed them?	

(B)

- 14. Answer any four of the following questions in 30-40 words each: $2\times 4=8$
 - (a) 'Well, at least he had gathered some useful information.'
 What was the information gathered by Patol Babu?
 - (b) Which sight was seen by the traveller in the desert?
 - (c) How did the mariners escape from the land of mist and snow?
 - (d) What sight did the poet see at the water-trough?
 - (e) 'Let him be Caesar.' What does this line tell us about the attitude of the Roman mob?
- 15. Answer the following question in about 120 words:

6

How did Michael save Sebastian with the help of the interactive psycho-drive games ?

OR

How did the 'Ouija board party' prove disastrous for John Hallock?